

# **Professional Archaeologists of Kansas Newsletter**

Number 9

January 2002

▶ ▶ ▶ **PAK News** ◀ ◀ ◀

## **Minutes of the October 5, 2001 Fall Meeting**

Fall Meeting Minutes  
Apse, Museum of Anthropology  
University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas  
October 5, 2001

The meeting was called to order at 1:13 PM by President Donald Blakeslee. Present were President Donald Blakeslee, Secretary Donna Roper, Treasurer Mary Adair, Board Members Randy Thies and Marsha King, and 15 other members and guests. A quorum was present.

The first item of business was the Secretary's Report. Donna Roper said a sign-in sheet for this meeting was being circulated. She then reported that the minutes of the February Annual Meeting and a summary of the Board meeting preceding it had been published in the last newsletter. There were no additions or corrections. The minutes were approved on a voice vote at 1:15.

Mary Adair then gave the Treasurer's Report and passed out a written version of it. She discussed the income and expenses listed on the report. The balance at that time was \$613.76. There was a brief discussion followed by a motion to accept the report. The report was approved on a voice vote at 1:17.

### **Committee Reports**

The first committee report was by Virginia Wulfskuhle for the Education Committee. She said that it was time to start getting ready for Kansas Archaeology Week, April 7-13, 2002. She indicated that there would be a poster and a brochure. Michael Irvin will be volunteering art work for the poster. She soon will be asking for donations to support the week, and would be asking PAK. She went on to say that with input from Bruce Jones at the Midwest Archaeological Center, a new traveling trunk is being assembled. PAK member and WSU graduate student Aimee Rosario has helped with it. It will debut around the time of Kansas Archaeology Week. Returning to Kansas Archaeology Week directly, the theme for 2002, tentatively, is Bison. The poster would include photographs and images from a petroglyph. She invited participation. The Calendar of Events will be on-line, meaning additions can be made up to the last minute.

Meeting attendees then discussed a donation to Kansas Archaeology Week. Randy Thies moved and Jim Feagins seconded that PAK donate \$100. The motion was unanimously approved on a voice vote at 1:22.

Concluding her report, Virginia noted that she is the only one remaining on the Education Committee and that the committee needs more members.

Mark Lathan, who now is Chair of the Action Committee, was not at the meeting so the agenda moved on to reports from the subcommittees. Randy Thies reported for the Unmarked Burial Statute committee. Randy noted that key issues regarding unmarked burials are two. First, the Unmarked Burial Sites Preservation Board will be inviting tribes outside the state to attend meetings. That board will send a one-time letter to the tribes stating that they should contact the board if they have concerns—there will be no individual meeting notices. Bob Hoard added, though, that the notices of meetings would be posted. The second issue concerned the definition of a cemetery. Randy said this is a big can of worms and that the Attorney General would have to tackle this one and he doesn't know where it will end up. Bob Hoard said they have a good set of draft regulations for the act and that while it doesn't define a cemetery, it does list four criteria so sort of achieves the same thing.

For the Curation subcommittee, Mary Adair first ran through the committee membership. She then noted that it is the intent of the committee to develop guidelines for curation in the state. She did note, though, that the committee has not met for quite a while. She invited participation, suggested reorganizing the committee, and going from there.

David Hughes, who chairs the Community College Standards subcommittee, was not at the meeting. Committee member Lauren Ritterbush said, however, that the committee had not met.

For the Legislation subcommittee, Don Blakeslee said that that committee had

not met either. One issue is that the Kansas Antiquities Committee has not met in a long time—the fall of 1998 was the last time\*. Bob Hoard agreed that something should happen and probably would in the spring, about the time of Ramon Powers's retirement. There was a discussion of whether this should happen before or after Powers's retirement. There was a discussion, though, of what are the issues for the antiquities commission or the subcommittee? A suggestion was made that the statute contains an unfunded mandate and that this needs to be reworked. Timing is a matter, though—for what legislative session should it be planned? Don also raised the matter of the historic preservation plan, that now is getting rather old, but this discussion did not go too far.

The Finance Committee report was next. Committee chair Marsha King said the committee had not met and had no report.

For the Newsletter Committee, Donna Roper indicated that a regular newsletter had just gone out. She expressed dismay that it was rather thin. The next newsletter will be in January and she called for material for it. She also discussed the mini-journal *Current Archaeology in Kansas* and also called for material for that venue.

## Old Business

The first item of old business concerned the MOU with the state historical society. Bob Hoard suggested the issue has passed and is not as important as it once was. Will Banks too indicated that it now is a non-issue. Don Blakeslee said it has been discussed at the board meeting in the morning

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\* Secretary's note: this is an accurate recording of what was said at the meeting, but actually the antiquities commission met again in February 1999 to follow up on the Arkansas City Tie-Back Levee project initiated at the fall 1998 meeting.

and that the board felt essentially the same way. He suggested a statement be added to the By-Laws that PAK members would avoid the appearance of a conflict of interest. Bob Hoard moved and Mary Adair seconded a motion that the board draft this revision, present it at the next meeting, and drop the proposed MOU. Donna Roper pointed out, however, that there was an existing tabled motion regarding the MOU. Bob Hoard called the question to remove the motion from the table. This passed on a voice vote at 1:54. Don Blakeslee read the draft language of the MOU and the motion tabled at the February annual meeting. Bob Hoard moved and Brad Logan seconded the motion that the previous motion be rejected. This passed unanimously on a voice vote at 1:55.

In other old business, Donna Roper addressed the status of the proposed PAK lecture series for Kansas Archaeology Week. Mary Adair helped with information. They suggested we need someone to help organize this and that PAK could help with that.

Marsha King then presented an update on the KDOT program. She said they are still doing archaeology. She had said in February that there would be a lot of work and announced that the contracts for highway work had been awarded to Wichita State University and Louis Berger. She also said there would be one for architecture. Tim Weston added that the state historical society still does Phase 2 work. Most of these are little except one on U.S. 54 from Kingdon to Pratt. They will be working on this. There may be some Phase 3 and 4 work on that later.

Janice McLean spoke regarding the proposed PAK Web site. She has not been able to complete this yet. She addressed the issue of where to have it. It will not work to do it at KU and she is looking for an independent host. We could get 180 Mb of space free on fortunecity. She is trying to get

high-speed internet access so she can actually follow through on this and hopefully will be back on this during the fall and have more information at the next meeting.

#### New Business

There was a discussion of the search for the next Executive Director at the Kansas State Historical Society. A search committee has been formed. We did not succeed in getting an archaeologist on it. Don Blakeslee has talked with Nancy Holt, the committee co-chair and they are interested in receiving input. He suggested coming up with a short list of questions to be asked of all serious candidates. He is looking for people to work with him to develop these questions. Bob Hoard suggested the National Register of Historic Places and stewardship are two issues.

The next item of new business was forming a Nominations Committee to develop a slate of nominees to be presented at the next Annual Meeting. Don Blakeslee noted that the By-Laws said the President would appoint a committee, so he appointed Jim Feagins and Marsha King.

In other new business, Bob Hoard introduced Elizabeth Wilson. She is a geophysics graduate student at Emporia State University. She then discussed what she is up to. She has spoken with Brad Logan and with Virginia Wulfkuhle. She was suggesting geophysics could help with cemeteries and suggested experimenting to see what works. She was asking for ideas. Members provided a lot of ideas.

Virginia called for speakers at the 2002 Plains Indian Seminar. This will be held in September 2002 at the Buffalo Bill Museum in Cody, Wyoming.

Virginia also mentioned misconceptions about National Register listing and had copies of a hand-out on this.

Janice McLean noted that the Kansas Geological Survey has available sets of Kansas quadrangle maps on CD-ROM. She had copies of a flier regarding this map set.

Brad Logan mentioned his work at the Scott site, about 4 miles from Tonganoxie.

Following a motion to adjourn, the meeting was adjourned at 2:40 PM.

Donna C. Roper  
PAK Secretary

**PAK 2002 Annual MEETING**  
Friday, February 15  
1:00-4:00 PM, Classroom A  
Kansas State Historical Society  
Topeka

### **2002 Annual Meeting Announcement**

The 2002 Annual Meeting of the Association of Professional Archaeologists of Kansas will be held from 1-4 PM on Friday, February 15, 2002 in Classroom A at the Kansas State Historical Society, Topeka, Kansas. The agenda will include Secretary's and Treasurer's reports, reports from the chairs of the standing committees (Action, Education, Finance, and Newsletter), as well as the report of the Nominations Committee for the 2002 election. A proposed By-Laws revision will be presented and discussed. Other items of Old Business and New Business will be discussed. Contact the President, Don Blakeslee (316-978-3195; [Donald.Blakeslee@wichita.edu](mailto:Donald.Blakeslee@wichita.edu)) or Secretary, Donna Roper (785-776-3772; [droper@ksu.edu](mailto:droper@ksu.edu)) to have business placed on the agenda.

### **Notice of 2002 Elections**

Officer and Board elections will be conducted by mail ballot following the Annual Meeting. Positions to be filled this year are

Treasurer and one at-large Board Member. The Nominations Committee will present a slate of nominees at the Annual Meeting and the floor will be opened for additional nominations.

### **Notice of Proposed By-Laws Revision**

A proposed revision By-Laws will be presented at the Annual Meeting. This proposed revision is an addition to Section Vc. The affected portion of the amended section would be that which specifies duties of members (the full section as amended in March 2000 can be found in Newsletter #6, August 2000; the proposed 2002 revision is in italics). It reads as follows:

Section V. Membership

...

Regular and student members must be:

- a. willing to adhere to the provisions of the Bylaws;
- b. willing to pay the annual dues; and
- c. willing to comply with guidelines of ethical conduct *including*

*avoidance of the appearance of conflict of interest* as prescribed by the Society for American Archaeology as attested by signature on application.

Approval of this By-Laws revision will be by a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the voting members on a mail ballot taken following the Annual Meeting.

### Committee Reports

No committee reports were received for this Newsletter.

### Addendum to CAK #2

Mary Adair has asked that the following be inserted at the end of her article, "Defining Central Plains Agriculture: The Arrival of the

Common Bean," in *Current Archaeology in Kansas* #2:

### Acknowledgements

Several individuals are recognized for their assistance in helping select the archaeobotanical remains submitted to the Arizona Radiocarbon lab. Jeannette Blackmar and Rob Bozell of the Nebraska State Historical Society retrieved and approved the deaccession of the bean fragments from sites 25BO23 and 25SY31. Neal Lopinot, Southwest Missouri State, confirmed the identifications as *Phaseolus vulgaris*. The remains from sites 23PL16, 23CL109, and 23CL115 were curated at the Museum of Anthropology and the University of Kansas. NSF grant BCS-9974895 provided funds for the AMS dates.

## ▶ ▶ ▶ From the KSHS Archaeology Office ◀ ◀ ◀

### Support Kansas Archeology Week!

The theme of the Kansas Archeology Week poster and brochure for 2002 is "Bison: Animal and Icon." In the preparation of these materials, donated services included graphic design by Michael Irvin and text composition by Ramona Willits. Jack Hofman and Jeannette Blackmar provided background information and a number of illustrations. Sponsors, including PAK, are acknowledged in the brochure. KAA volunteers will stuff the packets on January 26, and envelopes should be in the mail by February 1.

The calendar of events will be posted on the KSHS web page at [www.kshs.org/resource/archeolo.htm](http://www.kshs.org/resource/archeolo.htm). Anything scheduled from March through May

2002 is eligible. To list an event please provide to Virginia Wulfkuhle ([vwulfkuhle@kshs.org](mailto:vwulfkuhle@kshs.org)) the following information:  
type and title of event  
sponsor  
description of event  
location, including street address, if applicable  
admission charge or free  
contact person for more information with telephone number and e-mail address

Thank you for participating.

Virginia A. Wulfkuhle  
KSHS Public Archeologist  
PAK Education Committee

## Position Announcement

The Kansas State Historical Society and Kansas Anthropological Association are seeking a graduate student intern or professional researcher to participate in the 2002 Kansas Archeology Training Program (KATP) field school, including fieldwork, data analysis, reports of findings, and public outreach. The KATP field school will be held June 1-16, 2002, in Sheridan County, Kansas, and will involve excavations at the Albert Bell site and the Cottonwood Ranch State Historic Site. The intern/researcher will be assigned to the Albert Bell site, an Upper Republican farmstead. A house feature was excavated there during the 1990 field school, and the analysis and report writing will incorporate the data from that previous work.

An excavation at the 1991 KATP field school at the Wollenberg site in Washington County produced an excellent comparative data set. The collection and records from this site are available for loan should the researcher wish to undertake this as well.

The KSHS/KAA are offering a stipend of \$5,000 that will be paid in installments, according to delivery of products, to be completed no later than May 2003. Applicants should have at least a Bachelor's degree in anthropology or closely related field or have equivalent experience. Please send a vita and samples of written work to Virginia A. Wulfkuhle, Public Archeologist, Kansas State Historical Society, 6425 SW 6<sup>th</sup> Ave., Topeka, KS 66615-1099 or [vwulfkuhle@kshs.org](mailto:vwulfkuhle@kshs.org). The deadline for applications is March 1, 2002.

### **A Preliminary Report on the Excavation of a Burial, 14DO417**

Bob Hoard, State Archeologist, Kansas State Historical Society

14DO417, a burial site, was discovered in December of 2000 by Chris

Widga of the Kansas University Department of Anthropology. The burial was seen eroding from the step edge of a short, steep ravine that drains directly into the Douglas County State Fishing Lake, a property owned by the State of Kansas located south of Lawrence, Kansas. Surface indications of the burial include bone, a drill, and a point. While the point type is not readily identifiable, it appears to be Archaic in age and may be of the Kirk corner notched, Frio, or Martinsdale types. Cleaning and cursory analysis of the bone showed that most elements were deer but that some, including a mandible fragment, are human. When it became clear that some of the elements from the site were human, all collected material from the site was brought to the Kansas State Historical Society pending a decision from the Unmarked Burial Sites Preservation board on what, if anything, was to be done next.

In October investigators from the Kansas State Historical Society and the University of Kansas made a field inspection of the site to determine if intact remains still were present. They were. Further erosion had exposed cranial fragments and a long bone fragment associated with a limestone slab.

Because of the presence of remaining intact human remains, the site was brought before the Unmarked Human Burial Site Preservation board, which carries out the stipulations of Kansas' Unmarked Burial Sites Preservation Act. The board decided unanimously to have the burial excavated to protect it from unauthorized collection.

Burial excavation took place on November 27 and 28, 2001. Members of the Kansas State Historical Society, the University of Kansas, and the Kansas Anthropological Association conducted the work. The Kansas Division of Wildlife and Parks graciously provided a boat and operator to haul people and equipment to the site.

Preliminary evidence suggests that the burial is a single individual, and that the remains are contained within an area smaller than 60 centimeters on a side. Most elements were found beneath a limestone slab, which was lying at about a 30 degree slope toward the base of the ravine. Excavators exposed elements around the slab before it was removed. Removal of the slab revealed a cluster of elements oriented in the same direction. Analysis will determine which elements these are, but most appear to be long bones or ribs. While the bone possesses good integrity, it is badly fractured, presumably from post-depositional processes such as the shrinking and swelling of the clay-rich soil matrix. Excavators removed the entire feature, none of it remains in the field.

All material collected from the site currently is stored at KSHS. Matrix excavated from the burial feature has been processed by flotation. Part of the feature was covered with a plaster jacket, removed from the field, and has been in the lab. All elements will be analyzed using non-destructive techniques once they all have been excavated.

Because KSHS is a museum as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, the human remains and associated artifacts will be considered for repatriation under the process stipulated in the act.

#### **Laws related to archaeological field research in Kansas**

Several laws, federal and state, govern how archaeological fieldwork can and cannot be carried out in Kansas. A brief summary is presented below. This is not meant to serve as a comprehensive guide to all legal issues related to archaeology. Rather, it is a guide to make people carrying out archeological projects aware of their legal obligations. Also, not all applicable laws are cited; this summary

focuses primarily on laws that specifically address archeological issues.

If you are planning to go into the field . . .

Private land--do not trespass. Get permission from the landowner if you plan to enter private land. If you plan to collect artifacts, negotiate ownership of the artifacts with the landowner in advance.

Federal land--Archaeological work carried out on federal land requires a permit from the agency controlling the land, as stipulated in the Archeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA)

*Legislation:* The Archeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA)  
<http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/16/470aa.html>

Non-federal public lands in Kansas--The Kansas Antiquities Commission act prohibits excavation in or removal of archeological material from lands belonging to or controlled by the state of Kansas or any agencies thereof without a permit.

*Legislation:* Kansas Antiquities Commission Act, K.S.A. 74-5401 to 74-5408.  
<http://www.kshs.org/resource/antiqlaw.htm>

Human remains

Federal or tribal land--Human remains and associated burial goods found on federal or tribal land must not be disturbed. The federal land manager must be notified immediately if human remains or burial goods are encountered. Treatment of American Indian remains and burial goods fall under the Native American Grave Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA).

*Legislation:* The Native American Grave Protection and Repatriation Act, Public Law 101-601

<http://www.cast.uark.edu/other/nps/nagpra/DOCS/lgm003.html>

Non-federal and non-tribal lands in Kansas, either public or private--Cemeteries and unmarked burials, including burial mounds, and all human remains and associated burial goods are protected by a number of cemetery laws and by the Unmarked Burial Sites Preservation Act (UBS act). Cemeteries are not to be disturbed. If human remains are found, either exposed or buried, in areas other than cemeteries, the local law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the remains are found must be contacted immediately. If the law enforcement agency and the coroner agree the human remains are not to be

investigated as a criminal case, the coroner will notify the Kansas State Historical Society. The Society will work with the Unmarked Burial Sites Preservation Board to determine the proper treatment of human remains and associated burial goods from unmarked burials in the state of Kansas. The UBS board also issues permits, required by law, for the excavation, study, display, and reinterment of human remains and burial goods from unmarked burials in Kansas.

*Legislation:* The Kansas Unmarked Burial Site Preservation Act, K.S.A. 75-2741 through 75-2754

<http://www.kshs.org/resource/umburial.htm>

**Don't Forget:**

***Kansas Archaeology Week***

**April 7-13, 2002**

**▶ ▶ ▶ From the Historic Preservation Office ◀ ◀ ◀**

From the Kansas HPO

In the past several months the Kansas Historic Preservation Office (Kansas HPO) has received a number of cultural resource management (CRM) reports from contractors within and outside the state that have been lacking in their completeness and in the detail of information presented. As a result, review of some project reports has been delayed while additional information was sought from the contractor. Because the Kansas HPO

does not require adherence to "minimum standards" in the completion of CRM projects it is vital that project reports provide enough detailed information that the reviewer is able to evaluate the fieldwork completed and to understand and accept the principal investigator's recommendations.

In an effort to ensure the inclusion of the necessary level of detail in all cultural resource management reports, the Kansas HPO would like to re-publicize the presence



of *The State Historic Preservation Officer's Guide for Archeological Survey, Assessment, and Reports (SHPO's Guide)* on the web at [www.kshs.org/resource/histpres.htm#review](http://www.kshs.org/resource/histpres.htm#review). All cultural resource management projects conducted in Kansas in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act should comply with the stipulations of the *SHPO's Guide*. To ensure that project reports meet the needs of this office as required by the National Park Service, as well as provide thorough documentation for future researchers, it is important that all of the requested information is included.

In order to justify approval of reports, HPO must have documentation that project principal investigators meet the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards and that adequate fieldwork was conducted to answer relevant project questions. In an effort to clarify the Minimum Professional Qualifications section of the *SHPO's Guide*, the wording of this section has been rewritten to follow more closely the qualifications standards of the Secretary of the Interior (36 CFR 61). A section has also been added to clarify the qualifications standards of persons in a typical crew chief position. If the principal investigator is not present in the field for a minimum of 40% of the fieldwork, the crew chief or field supervisor must also meet the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards.

Typical mistakes or omissions observed in submitted reports include the misidentification of "phases" as used by the Kansas HPO. Somewhat different from other states, Kansas phases are identified as: Archival Research (Phase I), Survey (Phase II), Assessment (Phase III), and Mitigation (Phase IV). A typical "survey" report in actuality should include both Phase I and Phase II research. Also frequently missing is a detailed description of the methodology

utilized during fieldwork. Again, it is essential the reviewer is provided with enough information to evaluate the principal investigator's recommendations. It is necessary to detail the size (30 cm diameter, or 30 cm by 30 cm), depth, spacing, and location of all shovel tests or excavation units as well as the spacing and number of transects utilized in survey. It is not adequate to state, "The project area was surveyed under good visibility." More appropriate is the statement, "The project area was surveyed under 70-80% visibility by two archeologists in four transects east to west across the project area at a spacing of 10 meters. Due to low ground surface visibility (40%) in the northeast corner, survey in this area was supplemented by shovel tests. Shovel tests were 30 cm in diameter, spaced on a grid 10 meters apart and excavated 20 cm into sterile 7.5YR5/6 strong brown soil." If multiple methodologies are utilized, as in this example, a figure illustrating the areas surveyed by the different methods must be included in the report. USGS topographic maps or aerial photos can be downloaded free from the world wide web ([www.topozone.com](http://www.topozone.com) or [www.terraserver.com](http://www.terraserver.com)) for this purpose and the project area and areas of different methodology can be hand drawn on the figures. For small projects it is appreciated, although not required, if a figure is included illustrating the exact locations of individual excavation units.

Also often omitted from reports is a discussion of topography, land use, and soil profile. Such information allows the reviewer to evaluate the adequacy of the methodology utilized for the specific project area. A discussion of these data should be included and if appropriate supplemented by figures.

If consultation with the SHPO, the public, Indian tribes, and other interested parties is included in the project contract, documentation of this consultation is required in the report. It is preferred that this

documentation takes the form of an appendix containing all project correspondence. If this is not possible, due to an individual's or tribe's concerns for confidentiality, a discussion of the methods, dates, and results of consultation is required in the report text.

A copy of each site record for newly recorded or revisited sites is required as an appendix to the report. All site locational information such as UTM or quarter section designation should be left out of the text of the report. In some instances the public is granted copies of CRM reports and it is vital to keep site location information confidential. An appendix is easily removed from a report copy, but removal of specific information from individual pages is difficult. A final piece of information recorded for yearly submission to the National Park Service is the amount of acreage surveyed in Kansas each year; therefore, it is necessary for the principal investigator to include the size of the project area surveyed, in acres, in the report.

To reduce the often unnecessary and time consuming production of boilerplate cultural histories, for small scale projects such as waste water treatment plants, cellular towers, and small watershed projects, the Kansas HPO does not require the inclusion of a cultural history section in survey reports where no archeological sites were recorded or revisited. However, it is expected that a thorough review of the culture history of the project area is still undertaken by the researchers prior to fieldwork. If the project does record or revisit archeological sites or if the project is of a larger scale, the cultural history section is required.

Once the final report is completed, the HPO requests that two unbound copies be submitted to this office, secured only with a paperclip or rubber band as necessary.

While this discussion highlights some of the information most often omitted from

CRM reports, it does not include all of the information necessary to comply with the *SHPO's Guidelines*. Please access the *SHPO's Guidelines* via the web address above or request a copy via mail from the address at the end of this article.

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The HPO would also like to report the recent addition to the web page ([www.kshs.org/resource/histpres.htm#review](http://www.kshs.org/resource/histpres.htm#review)) of two memoranda entitled *Revised Section 106 Regulations* and *Section 106 Consultation*, respectively. The *Revised Section 106 Regulations* memo provides information on changes to 36 CFR 800, which took effect on January 11, 2001, particularly the need for consultation with Indian tribes. The second memo, *Section 106 Consultation*, provides information on the proper procedure and documentation necessary to complete a quick HPO review for projects subject to Section 106 requirements.

Finally, the Kansas HPO has accepted the *Nationwide Programmatic Agreement for the Collocation of Wireless Antennas* executed by the Federal Communications Commission, the National Conference for State Historic Preservation Officers, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, March 16, 2001. Therefore, it is not necessary to request consultation or submit any other information to this office for projects meeting the criteria outlined in the programmatic agreement. We would like to note, however, that this agreement covers only very specific collocation projects and applicants should ensure projects meet these strict criteria before determining consultation is not necessary. To supplement the *Collocation Programmatic Agreement* Kansas HPO is currently developing guidelines for Section 106 review of other proposed FCC undertakings, including new cellular tower construction projects. These are expected to be completed by the end of January 2002 and

will be available from this office or via the web at the address above.

Any questions regarding this update or Section 106 review and compliance in Kansas

can be directed to the SHPO Archeologists at 785-272-8681 (Will Banks ex. 214 or Jennifer Epperson ex. 225) or 6425 SW 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Topeka, KS 66615-1099.



### Flint Hills Conference Announcement

The annual Flint Hills Archaeological Conference will be April 12 and 13, 2002 in Manhattan, Kansas. The Friday session (April 12) will be in the Big 12 Room at the Union and the Saturday session (April 13) in Rm. 231, Waters Hall, both on the Kansas State University campus. An Early Bird party on Thursday night will be at Donna Roper's house. We tentatively are planning on reserving a room at a local eatery to have a Friday night dinner. Many details are still in the planning stage. One thing that is decided is that the conference will feature a symposium to recognize Pat O'Brien, who for a time managed to keep changing her retirement date so often that it was impossible to plan one before this. With her retired now, we are finally going to do it. The tentative dinner is a part of this event. Pat has been consulted and made to put this on her calendar so she will remember to show up. A formal announcement and call for papers will be sent in the very near future, but you can consider this a first call for papers. Conference Chair is Donna Roper - 1924

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March 20-24, 2002 - Society for American Archaeology, Adams Mark Hotel, Denver, Colorado

April 7-13, 2002 - Kansas Archaeology Week; see above for more information

Bluehills Road, Manhattan, KS 66502, (785) 776-3772 or (785) 565-3989 (cell phone), [droper@ksu.edu](mailto:droper@ksu.edu). With all that contact information there is no excuse for not being able to get ahold of me to submit abstracts or other conference materials, so we expect you all there and participating! Date for receipt of abstracts is April 5 (alright 8 or 9, but the program will have to be finalized and printed a couple of days ahead).

### Personnel News from the Kansas State Historical Society:

The new interim Cultural Resources Division Assistant Director is Christy Davis, who will serve in this position for an indefinite period. Christy is active in the preservation of historic buildings and works to promote state and federal tax credits to assist building owners in doing so.

### Calendar of Events

February 15, 2002 - PAK Annual Meeting, 1-4 PM, Classroom A, Kansas State Historical Society, Topeka

April 12-13, 2002 - Flint Hills Conference - Kansas State University, Manhattan - other details to be announced; Conference Chair: Donna C. Roper

June 1-16, 2002 - Kansas Archaeological Training Program - Sheridan County - see above for more information

## ***Reminders!!***

- 1. Dues for 2002 are now due. Do send your dues and do it now. A renewal form follows.**
- 2. Annual Meeting – February 15, 2002 – 1-4 PM, Classroom A, KSHS, Topeka**
- 3. Flint Hills Conference Abstracts**
- 4. KANSAS ARCHAEOLOGY WEEK events**

This issue of the PAK newsletter printed courtesy of the Kansas State Historical Society.



## 2002 Membership Renewal Form

Regular Member (\$15)

Student Member (\$10)

Subscribing Member (\$7.50)

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ e-mail \_\_\_\_\_

Send dues to:

Dr. Mary J. Adair, PAK Treasurer  
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